



Stain Removal Methods

The time to take care of spills, spots or stains is immediately after they occur. Use a spoon to remove all solid materials, then blot the spill using clean white tissues, napkins or towels. Pretest spot removal formulas (see below) in an inconspicuous place. If the dye bleeds, have the rug professionally cleaned.

Do not overwet the rug. Work with small amounts of formula and be sure to blot — do not rub. Rubbing can

cause permanent damage to the rug fibers. As you blot, work from the outer edge of the spot toward the center.

Be patient — some stains respond slowly. Remember, haphazard attempts at spot removal may result in permanent stains or damage. Certain stains require special professional care. If you have questions, please call Sharian at (404) 373-2274 for information.

Cleaning Formulas

Find your specific stain on the key at the bottom of the page and use the corresponding numbered formula to clean the spot. Apply small amounts of the cleaning solution with a clean white absorbent towel. Blot frequently and continue

to apply and blot until the stain is no longer transferred to the absorbent material. Finally, blot any remaining moisture or cleaning solution by pressing the area with absorbent towels. Weight it down and allow at least six hours to dry.

Use each of the formulas on the stained area in the order indicated until the stain is removed.

formula

1
Formula 1: Apply a small amount of dry cleaning solvent or alcohol. Use small amounts to prevent any possible damage. Do not use gasoline, lighter fluid or other flammables.

2
Formula 2: Mix one teaspoon of white neutral detergent (a mild liquid dishwashing detergent containing no strong alkalis or bleaches) with a cup of lukewarm water.

3
Formula 3: Mix one tablespoon of household ammonia with a half cup of water.

4
Formula 4: Mix one-third cup of white household vinegar with two-thirds cup of water.

5
Formula 5: Mix a solution of powdered enzyme laundry detergent following label directions. Allow the solution to remain on the stain for the length of time recommended by the manufacturer.

Note: never mix ammonia and bleach during the cleaning process.

type of stain

Type of Stain	Removal Formula	Type of Stain	Removal Formula	Type of Stain	Removal Formula
Beer	2, 4	Furniture polish	1, 2, 3	Paint, water	2, 3, 1
Blood	2, 3, 5	Furniture stain	1, 2	Perfume	2, 4
Butter	1, 2, 4	Glue, school	2	Rubber cement	1, 2
Candle wax	1, 2	Glue, carpenter's	2, 1	Shoe polish	1, 2, 3
Catsup	2, 3, 5	Glue, contact cement	1, 2	Soft drinks	2, 3, 4
Chewing gum	1, 2	Grease	1, 2, 3, 4	Soot	1, 2, 3
Chocolate	2, 3, 4, 5	Ice cream	2, 3, 4, 5, 1	Syrup	2, 3, 4, 5
Cocktails	2, 4,	Ink (use alcohol)	1, 2, 3	Tar, Asphalt	1, 2
Coffee	2, 4, 5, 1	Iodine	2, 3, 4	Tea	2, 4, 5, 1
Cosmetics	1, 2, 3	Milk	2, 3, 4, 5, 1	Unknown stains	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Crayon	1, 2	Mustard	2, 4, 5	Urine	2, 3, 4
Egg	2, 3, 5	Nail polish	1, 2, 4, 5	Vomit	2, 3, 4, 5
Food coloring	2, 3	Oils	1, 2, 3, 4	Water stains	1, 2, 3, 4
Fruit & juices	2, 3, 4, 5	Ointment	1, 2, 3, 5	Wine	2, 4, 3
		Paint, oil	1, 2, 3		